## SECOND SEMESTER SYLLABUS

## M. Sc. MATHEMATICS



BABA GHULAM SHAH BADSHAH UNIVERSITY RAJOURI, J\&K, INDIA

## COURSE SCHEME

DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS


## SEMESTER - II

| Course Title |  | Numerical Linear Algebra | Maximum Marks | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course Code |  | MS-231 | University Examination | 60 |
| Credits |  | 4 | Sessional Assessment | 40 |
|  |  | Duration of Exam. | 3 HOURS |
| Objectives .................... |  |  | The main objective of this course is to introduce students to the fundamentals of linear algebra and numerical solutions of problems of linear algebra. |  |  |
| UNIT 01 | Matrices | Review of fundamental concepts of vector space: Matrix of a linear transformation; matrix of sum and composition of linear transformations; change of basis matrix; similar matrices; determinant of a matrix and its basic properties; permutation and its signature: uniqueness of determinant map. |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { UNIT } \\ & 02 \end{aligned}$ | Spectral Theorey | Eigen values and eigen vecto value: diagonalizable linear invariant subspaces of a vec sufficient conditions for simul | ear transformation; algeb Hamilton theorem: minimu position theorem (statem two matrices. | of an eigen properties: cessary and |
| UNIT <br> 03 | Canonical and Bilinear Forms | Nilpotent linear transformat nilpotent linear transformatio symmetric and skew symme quadratic form | lar matrix: Jordan decom perties; Jordan Block mat ratic form and its prop | index of a inear form: ve definite |
| UNIT 04 | Numerical methods for linear systems | Gauss elimination method; method: Cholisky's method; conditioning; well conditioning | method: pivoting: LU fac d: Gauss Seidel iteration a matrix. | Crout's ction to ill |
| UNIT 05 | Numerical methods for finding eigen values and eigenvectors | Power method; shifted inve Householder's transformation | bi's method; Householder method; Gerschgorian's | n theorem: heorem. |

## On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student

1 explain vector space, linear dependence / independence, basis and dimension, linear transformation, change of basis matrix, permutation and its signature.
2 explain the concept of characteristic polynomial to compute the eigen values and eigen vectors of a square matrix and Cayley-Hamilton theorem.

3 explain the concept of minimum polynomial of a matrix and its properties, primary decomposition theorem and diogonalization.

4 explain the concept of Nilpotent linear transformations, Jordan decomposition theorem, Jordan Block Matrix, Jordan form, Jordan basis.
5 explain the concept of bilinear forms, symmetric and skew symmetric bilinear forms, quadratic form and its properties.

6 explain the numerical methods such as Gauss- Jordan elimination method, LU factorization method, Doolettle method, Crout's method, Cholisky's method, Gauss-Seided iteration method for solving the system of linear equations.
7 explain the numerical methods such as power method, Jocabi's method, Household's method, QR method and theorems such as Gerschgorian's theorem, person's theorem.

## Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 10 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 10 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

## TEXT BOOKS

1. Blyth, T.S. and Robertson, E. F., (2007), Basic Linear Algebra, 2nd Edition, Spinger.
2. Blyth, T.S. and Robertson, E. F., (2008), Further Linear Algebra, 2nd Edition, Spinger.
3. John, H. M. and Kurtis, D. F., (2007), Numerical Methods using Matlab, 4th edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Limited, New Delhi.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Golub, G. and Loan, C. Van, (1996), Matrix Computations, 3rd edition, John Hopkins University Press.
2. Jain, M.K., Iyenger, S.R.K. and Jain, R.K., (2007), Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, 5th edition, New Age International Publication, New Delhi.
3. Kreyszig, E., Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 8th Edition, Wiley India Private limited.

## SEMESTER - II

| Course Title |  | Functional Analysis with Applications | Maximum Marks | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course Code |  | MS-232 | University Examination | 60 |
| Credits |  | 4 | Sessional Assessment | 40 |
|  |  | Duration of Exam. |  | 3 HOURS |
| Objectives ................... |  | The main objective of this course is to introduce students to the fundamentals of functional analysis and make them aware of its applications. |  |  |
| UNIT 01 | Normed Spaces | Definition, examples and basic properties of normed spaces; completeness and equivalence of norms on finite dimensional normed spaces; characterization of compact sets in finite dimensional normed spaces; Riesz lemma; introduction to L^p -spaces. |  |  |
| UNIT $02$ | Linear operators normed spaces | Definition and basic properties of bo operators; continuity of linear operators of R^n and $^{\wedge} \mathrm{Ip}$ spaces, Hahn Banach ext | operators: connection b ensional spaces; completen for normed spaces and | of linear dual spaces |
| UNIT <br> 03 | Inner Product spaces | Definition and basic properties of IPS; orthogonal complement of a set and is connection between separability and orth | es: existence of minimizin erties; Bessel's inequality isomorphism of Hilbert sp | oneorem: <br> 's relation: |
| UNIT <br> 04 | Inner product space and Banach fixed poin Theorem | Riesz theorem; sesquilinear forms; Rie it properties; basic properties of self adjo differential and integral equations -Picar | ation for sesquilinear fo and normal operators; Ban and uniqueness theorem, | its basic plications to tions. |
| UNIT <br> 05 | Reflexive spaces and fundamental theorems | nd Reflexive spaces; Hilbert spaces and fin normed space as a sufficient condition application to space of polynomials and F | al normed spaces as exan parability of the normed Open mapping and closed | lity of dual em and its |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

## On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student

1 should be able to explain the concept of inner product and norm on a vector space.

2 should be able to explain the concept of normed, Banach \& Hilbert spaces with standard examples and relation between them.

3 should be able to explain the concepts of bounded linear operator \& bounded linear functional with standard examples.

4 should be able to explain the properties of linear operators on finite and infinite dimensional normed spaces.

5 should be able to explain the dual spaces of $R^{\wedge} n$ and $I^{\wedge} p$ spaces and completeness of the normed space of operators.

6 should know the Banach contraction principle with applications to differential \& integral equations.

7 should know the fundamental theorems such as Riez Lemma, Hahn Banach extension theorem, closed graph theorem, open mapping theorem, Principle of uniform boundedness, Bessel's inequality, projection theorem, Pansevals relation, Baire Category theorem and Riesz theorem with applications.

8 should be able to explain the concept of separable and reflexive normed spaces.

## Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 10 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 10 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

## TEXT BOOKS

1. Kreyszig, E., (2006), Introductory Functional Analysis with Applications, $1^{\text {st }}$ edition, Wiley Student edition.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Bachman, G. and Narici, L., (1966), Functional Analysis, Academic Press New York.
2. Cheney, W., (2000), Analysis for Applied Mathematics, Springer.
3. Rynne, B. P. and Youngson, M. A., (2008), Linear Functional Analysis, $2^{\text {nd }}$ edition, Springer.
4. Siddiqi, A. H., (2004), Applied Functional Analysis, Marcel-Dekker, New York.

## SEMESTER - II

| Course Title | Abstract Algebra with Applications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Course Code | MS-233 |
| Credits | 4 |


| Maximum Marks | 100 |
| :--- | ---: |
| University Examination | 60 |
| Sessional Assessment | 40 |
| Duration of Exam. | 3 HOURS |


| Objectives |  | The main objective of this course is to introduce students to the fundamentals of abstract algebra- group and ring theory |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UNIT | Class equation and | Conjugate of an element of a group; class equation and its applications - non-triviality of centre of a group of order pn, |
| 01 | Sylow's theorem with applications | Cauchy's theorem; number of a conjugate classes in S_n; 1st part of Syllow's theorem (Proof by induction); 2nd and 3rd parts of Syllow's theorem(Proofs not included): Applications of Syllow's theorem in the determination of simplicity of groups of order 72, 20449, 225, 30, 385, 108, p2q (p,q primes) and 60. |
| UNIT <br> 02 | Ring theory | Definition and examples of rings; special classes of rings - integral domain, field; characteristic of an integral domain; Homomorphism; ideals and quotient rings; maximal ideals; the field of quotient of an integral domain. |
| UNIT <br> 03 | Euclidean rings | Euclidean ring (ER); ideals in a ER; principle ideal ring: concept of division, gcd, units, associate and prime elements in a ER; relation between prime elements and maximal ideals in a ER; ring of Gaussian integers and ring of polynomials F[x], F a field as examples of ERs. |
| UNIT 04 | Polynomial Rings and UFD | Polynomials over the rational field; primitive polynomials; content of a polynomial; Gauss lemma: Einstein's criteria; polynomial rings over commutative rings; UFD and its relation with $E R ; R[x]$ as a UFD when $R$ is a UFD; relation between PIR and UFD. |
| UNIT 05 | Algebraic coding theory: | Classification, structure and subfields of a finite field; Linear codes; Hamming distance and weight with properties: correcting capability of a linear code; orthogonality relation; Parity check matrix decoding; coset decoding; syndrome. |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

## On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student

1 Class equation with applications, Cauchy theorem, Syllow's theorems with applications to find simplicity of a group.

2 The concept of ring with standard examples, different classes of rings such as Integral domain, field, ideal and quotient ring.

3 The concept of ideal with standard examples, maximal and prime ideals and quotient field of an Integral domain.

4 The concept of Unique factorization domain, Euclidean ring and Principal Integral domain and relation between them.

5 The concept of Ring of Gaussian integers and polynomials with properties.

6 Gauss lemma and Einstein's criteria.

7 the characterization of subfields of a finite field.

8 The concept of linear code, Hamming distance, coding, decoding, and syndrome.

## Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 10 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 10 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

TEXT BOOKS

1. Gallian, J. A. (1998), Contemporary Abstract algebra, Fourth edition, Narosa.
2. Herstein, I.N,(2004), Topics in Algebra, $2^{\text {nd }}$ edition, Wiley.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Artin, M., (2010), Algebra, $2^{\text {nd }}$ edition, Springer.
2. Farmer, D.W., (1963), Groups and Symmetry: A Guide to Discovering Mathematics, American Mathematical Society.
3. Jacobs, H. R., (1979), Elementary Algebra, $1^{\text {st }}$ edition.
4. Levinson, N., (1970), Coding Theory: A Counter Example to G. H. Hardy's Conception of Applied Mathematics, AMS Monthly 77: 249-258

## SEMESTER - II

| Course Title | Complex Analysis with Applications | Maximum Marks | 100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Course Code | MS-234 | University Examination | 60 |
| Credits | 4 | Sessional Assessment | 40 |
|  |  | Duration of Exam. | 3 HOURS |



## COURSE OUTCOMES

## On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student

1 Explain the concept of derivative of a complex function with its basic properties, analytic function, Cauchy Riemann equations.

2 Explain in detail the elementary complex functions such as exponential, trigonometric, hyperbolic, logarithmic, etc.

3 Describe contour integral, convex hull, open convex sets, simple connected domains \& winding number etc.

4 Provide the proof of theorems like Cauchy-Gourset theorem, Cauchy integral formula, Cauchy inequality, Morera's theorem, Liouville's theorem, fundamental theorem of Algebra, maximum, minimum modulus theorem, reflection principle etc.
5 Differentiate between isolated and non-isolated regularities, zeroes and poles and should be able to find residues.

6 Explain the theorems like Riemann theorem, Residue theorem, Casorti Weirstrass theorem, argument principle, Hurwitz theorem, Riemann mapping theorem etc.

7 Find real integrals by using complex analysis techniques and construction of harmonic functions.

## Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 10 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 10 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

TEXT BOOKS

1. Kasana, H. S., (2012), Complex Variables, Theory and Applications, 2nd Edition, PHI learning Private limited, New Delhi-110001.
2. Ahlofrs, L. R., (1996), Complex Analysis, McGraw Hill.
3. Ponnusamy, S., (1972), Foundation of Complex Analysis, 2nd edition, Narosa Publishing House.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Brown, J. W. and Churchill, R. V., (2009), Complex Variables and Applications, 8th Edition, McGraw-Hill International.
2. Conway, J. B., (1973), Functions of one Complex Variable, 2nd edition,Springer International Student edition.
3. Rudin, W., (1987), Real and Complex Analysis, 3rd edition, McGraw Hill International Edition.
4. Mathews, J. H. \& Howell, R. W., (2006), Complex Analysis for Mathematics and Engineering, 5th edition, B Jones and Bartlett Publishers

| Course Title | Elements of Accountancy | Maximum Marks | 50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Course Code | MS-235 | University Examination | 30 |
| Credits | 2 | Sessional Assessment | 20 |
|  |  | Duration of Exam. | 2 HOURS |


| Objectives |  | The objective of this course is to introduce students to the fundamentals of Complex analysis (with applications) which is |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UNIT <br> 01 | Accounting | Meaning, objectives, need, development and importance of accounting, definition and functions of accounting, nature and scope of accounting, process of accounting cycle, difference between accounting and book keeping. |
| UNIT <br> 02 | Financial accounting | Nature and scope of financial accounting: basic Accounting terms - business transaction, capital, drawings, assets, liability, revenue, expenditure, expense, income, purchases, sales, stock, debt, credit, receivables, payables, accounting equation, types of accounts. |
| UNIT <br> 03 | Basic assumptions of Accounting | Accounting entity, money measurement, going concern concept, accounting period concept; basic principles of accounting objectivity, full disclosure, matching principle, historical cost, Revenue recognition and quality principle. |

On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student have understood
1 objectives, need, development and importance of accounting.

2 nature and scope of financial accounting.

3 basic Accounting terminology.

4 basic principles of accounting

## Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 06 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 06 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 08 marks.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

## TEXT BOOKS

1. Beams F.A, "Advanced Accounting".

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Dearden J and S.K. Bhattacharya, "Accounting for Management".
2. Gupta. R. L, "Advanced Financial Accounting".
3. Monga. J. R, "Advanced financial Accounting".

## SEMESTER - II

| Course Title | MatLab | Maximum Marks | 50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Course Code | MS-236 | University Examination | 25 |
| Credits | 2 | Sessional Assessment | 25 |
|  |  | Duration of Exam. | 2 HOURS |

Objectives .................. The Lab course has been designed to train students of Mathematics in using MatLab and computers in evolving solutions to problems of Numerical Analysis and linear algebra.

* Each student is required to maintain a practical record book.
* Two practical tests, one Internal and one External, are to be conducted.
* Each practical test will be of 25 marks.
* The marks in each practical test will be divided into 4 parts, program code, program execution , Viva-Voce and practical record book.
* The student has to pass both internal and external practical tests separately scoring a minimum of 10 marks in each test

On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student have understood
1 the applicability of MATLAB in Mathematics in particular and engineering applications in general.

2 the commands of MATLAB which one uses to solve elementary problems of numerical Analysis.

3 the concept of M-file and Script file along with control flow programming

4 the plotting of graphs of functions by using syntax and semantics.

