DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCES
BGSB UNIVERSITY, RAJOURI-185234

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Report of one day Workshop On Intellectual Property Rights (IPR-2017) held on 26ᵗʰ October, 2017.

Sponsored by:
Baba Ghulam Shah Badshah University, Rajouri

About the Workshop:

Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) protection plays a key role in gaining an advantageous position in the competitive technology world for achieving economic growth. Thus information on various technological advancements should be disseminated to the users of technology in order for our country to develop faster. Thus a culture to make aware of development of technology to pertinent users is essential. This has become more pronounced in the globalized economy with international agreements and obligations in the fields of IPR in the WTO regime. Huge information is to be provided while filing a patent application in order to ensure full disclosure of the invention.

Intellectual property is a "Product of Mind". It is similar to the property consisting of movable and immovable property which can be used by the owner along and not lawfully by others without owner's permission. World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) states that "Intellectual Property" includes rights related to works in literary and artistic fields, performance of artists, broadcasts (in the form of CD, DVD, tape recording etc), innovations in science and technology, industrial designs, trademarks, service marks, etc. It also includes inventions in all fields of human endeavour and protection against unfair competition and all other rights resulting from intellectual activity in the industrial, scientific or artistic fields.

Objectives of the Workshop:

• To create awareness about IPRs, especially patents and copy rights among faculty members of school of Mathematical & Computer Sciences, BGSBU.

• To guide researchers/inventors in respect of patenting their inventions.

• To provide insight into practical applications of IP such as patent drafting, patentability search, freedom to operate search, validity/invalidity search, evidence of use analysis.

Outcomes of the Workshop:

• Procedural outline of Process of patenting.

• Drafting of Patents to improve quality of research.

• Technology commercialization with successful case studies from academics.

Morning Session:

In morning session, Prof. Atul Gonsai gave overview on IPR, different forms of IPR like patent, copyright and trademark. She explained about the conditions for patenting, non -patentable inventions. She then explained in detail about procedure in getting copy rights, trade– marks, geographical indication, trade secrets, and plant variety protection with neat illustrations. She further dealt with process of patenting, documentation required, patent filing, types of patent applications, and anatomy of the patent.

Afternoon Session:

In afternoon session, Prof Atul Gonsai enlightened the participants on technology commercialization and IP Policy. She explained about challenges, solution, impact of technology, transfer of the technology. She further explained about the technology valuation, cost based method, market based method and income based method, IP audit, need for IP audit, IP policies, IP committees, etc.

Coordinators:

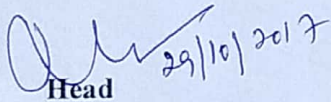1) Dr. Sanjay Jamwal

2) Dr. Qamar Rayees Khan

The Department of Computer Science, Baba Ghulam Shah Badshah University Rajouri organized a one day Workshop on Intellectual Property Rights IPR-2017. The Intellectual Property Rights regime was developed to protect the interest of producers of knowledge. It was aimed at rewarding creativity and inventiveness. It was also claimed by many that the nature of intellectual property was that of a 'social contract', one in which the state agrees to secure and protect the rights of individuals in consideration that the individual will reveal his/her creations. The regime of IPR provides access to important creations or source of knowledge to the public along with incentivising the creator by providing monopoly or more aptly 'limited monopoly' rights to commercially exploit their creations. The 'limited monopoly' right is for a temporary period and after the expiration of the temporary period, it falls into the public domain. The interesting part of the IPR regime is that the creator in exchange of the exclusive rights shares the knowledge or know how behind the creation of the work which the public could freely use to

develop further innovations after the 'limited monopoly' term is over. The 'limited' prefixed to the monopoly word triggers the controversy, with many claiming public interest predominance over private rights and vice-versa. The new national IP Policy in India in 2016 also touched upon the area by declaring that the main aim of the policy is to push IPRs as a marketable financial asset, promote innovation and entrepreneurship while protecting public interest. In this light, this conference seeks to address the question whether IPR is based on public interest leading to public rights predominance over private rights or knowledge as a form of private property to be protected under IPR regime ergo public rights are nothing but exceptions. The conference was organized with an aim of attracting young scholars and experts in various areas of Computer Science Research. Academicians, Scholars from all four corners of India participated in the two days of deliberations.

In the Valedictory function, Dr Sanjay Jamwal, Coordinator of workshop presented the detailed workshop report. Feedback report was taken from delegates and presented in front of audience. Certificate distribution ceremony was held and Dr Qamar Rayees, Head, Department Of Computer Sciences along with Dr Sanjay Jamwal, presented the certificates to the outstation participants on the stage. And finally, Dr Qamar Rayees Khan presented Vote of Thanks.

29/10/2017

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Department of Computer Sciences,
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