

# SECOND SEMESTER SYLLABUS

## M. Sc. MATHEMATICS



**APPLICABLE TO BATCHES**

2024 - 2026

2025 - 2027

2026 - 2028

**BABA GHULAM SHAH BADSHAH UNIVERSITY RAJOURI, J&K, INDIA**

## SECOND SEMESTER

COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	NO. OF CREDITS	DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS		
			SA	UE	TOTAL
<b>CORE COURSES</b>					
MM - 201	Real Analysis - II	4	40	60	100
MM - 202	Complex Analysis - II	4	40	60	100
MM - 203	Functional Analysis	4	40	60	100
MM - 204	Linear Algebra	4	40	60	100
MM - 205	Techniques in Differential Equations	2	20	30	50
MM - 206	Introduction to MATLAB (Lab. Course)	2	25	25	50
Choice based open elective course (Students are required to opt one course from a list of courses offered by different departments of the university at the beginning of semester second.)		4	40	60	100
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>24</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>600</b>

## SEMESTER - II

<b>Course Title</b>	Real Analysis - II	<b>Maximum Marks</b>	100
<b>Course Code</b>	MM-201	<b>University Examination</b>	60
<b>Credits</b>	4	<b>Sessional Assessment</b>	40
		<b>Duration of Exam.</b>	3 HOURS

<b>Objectives</b> .....	This course introduces the students the multivariable differential and integral calculus and Banach fixed point theorem with applications.		
<b>UNIT 01</b> Total, Directional and Partial Derivatives of functions on $R^n$	Euclidean norm on $R^n$ and its properties; Norm of a linear operator on $R^n$ and its properties; Uniform Continuity of a linear operator on $R^n$ ; Openness of the set of all invertible linear operators on $R^n$ ; Total derivative of function at a point as a Linear operator on $R^n$ , its uniqueness and relation with continuity; Derivative of Sum, difference, dot product and composition of two functions; Directional and Partial derivatives and their relationship with continuity and Total derivative.		
<b>UNIT 02</b> Inverse and Implicit function Theorems	The Jacobian Matrix; Gradient of a function; Mean Value theorem for differentiable functions and its consequences; Equality of Mixed partial derivatives; Taylor's formula for real valued functions on $R^n$ ; Functions with non zero Jacobian determinant. Image of an open ball containing an open ball, Image of an open set under an injection, injectivity of a function locally and openness of the image of an open set ; Inverse function theorem and Implicit function theorem.		
<b>UNIT 03</b> Extrema of functions and Banach theorem with Applications	Extrema of functions - Second derivative test; Contraction Mapping and its continuity; Banach fixed point theorem; Applications of Banach theorem to Linear equations; Applications of Banach theorem to Differential equations - Picard existence and uniqueness theorem; Applications of Banach theorem to integral equations - Fredholm and Volterra integral equations.		
<b>UNIT 04</b> Multiple Integrals	Definite integrals on rectangles - Lower & Upper sums, Integral of a function with elementary properties, Integrability of a continuous function, Iterated integrals, Fubini's Theorem; Definite integrals on regions of Type I and Type II; Integrals of functions of three or more variables; Change of Variables in Definite Integrals - Linear & Non linear change of variables, Polar coordinates, spherical coordinates.		
<b>UNIT 05</b> Line and Surface Integrals	Line Integrals - dependence of line integral of a gradient vector field on end points, Green's theorem for rectangles, Green's theorem for Region of Type III; The concept of surface integral - The Divergence theorem; Stoke's theorem.		

## COURSE OUTCOMES

On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student is able to explain

- 1 the concept of Euclidean norm and Norm of a linear operator on  $R^n$  with elementary properties
- 2 the concept of Total, Directional and Partial derivatives and their relationship with each other and continuity.
- 3 The concept of Jacobian matrix and properties of the functions with non zero Jacobian determinant and Taylor's theorem.
- 4 Mean Value theorem for differentiable functions and its consequences and Equality of Mixed partial derivatives.
- 5 Explain the Extrema of functions along with Second derivative test and its applications.
- 6 Banach Contraction Mapping and its various applications.
- 7 Definite integrals on rectangles and regions of Type I and Type II and iterated integrals with elementary properties.
- 8 Fubini's Theorem, Integrals of functions of three or more variables and Change of Variables in Definite Integrals.
- 9 the concept of Line and surface integrals.
- 10 the theorem of Green, the Divergence theorem and the Stoke's theorem

### Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 10 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 10 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Apostol, Tom M., (2002), Mathematical Analysis, 1st edition, Narosa Publishing House.
2. Slougher, D.(2024), The Calculus of Functions of Several Variables, LibreTexts.
2. Anton, H., Bivens, I. & Davis, S.(2012), Calculus, John Wiley and Sons.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Carvin, L. T. & Szczarba, R.H. (2015) Calculus in Vector Spaces, Second Edition, CRC Press
2. Rudin, W., (1976), Principles of Mathematical Analysis, 3rd edition, McGraw Hill International Edition.

## SEMESTER - II

<b>Course Title</b>	Complex Analysis - II	<b>Maximum Marks</b>	100
<b>Course Code</b>	MM - 202	<b>University Examination</b>	60
<b>Credits</b>	4	<b>Sessional Assessment</b>	40
		<b>Duration of Exam.</b>	3 HOURS

<b>Objectives</b> .....	The objective of this course is to introduce students to the fundamentals of Complex analysis (with applications) which is a tool with remarkable and almost mysterious utility in applied mathematics.		
<b>UNIT 01</b>	<b>Integral of a complex function-I</b>	Integral of a complex valued function of a real variable with elementary properties; Contour integral; ML-inequality; Simply connected domain; Cauchy-Goursat theorem; Deformation of contour; Fundamental theorems of integration - existence of antiderivative; Cauchy's integral formula for derivatives; infinite differentiability of analytic functions.	
<b>UNIT 02</b>	<b>Integral of a complex function-II</b>	Morera's theorem; Gauss mean value theorem; Maximum modulus principle for analytic functions; Cauchy' inequality; Liouville's theorem; Fundamental theorem of Algebra; The concept of Convex hull; Gauss & Lucas theorem concerning zeros of a polynomial; Weirstrass theorem for sequences of analytic functions.	
<b>UNIT 03</b>	<b>Singularities, Zeros and Poles of an Analytic function (AF)</b>	Taylor's and Laurent's series of an analytic function and their uniqueness; Taylor's & Laurant's theorem; Parseval's formula; The concept of singularities - Removable, Poles and Essential; Charecterization of zeros and poles of an AF in terms of an AF with no zeros; isolation property of zeros of a non zero AF; Schwartz Lemma; Reflection Principle; Riemann theorem; charecterization of poles & isolated singularities of an AF in terms of limit of modulus of the function.	
<b>UNIT 04</b>	<b>RssidueTheorem and its applications</b>	Residue of an AF at a point; Cauchy's residue theorem; Formula for calculating residue in terms of limit of derivatives; Formula for residue of quotient of two AFs; Casorati - Weirstrass theorem; Application of residue theorem to calculate $\int F(\cos\theta, \sin\theta)d\theta$ over the interval $[0, 2\pi]$ ; The concept of meromorphic function; Argument principle; Winding number; Rouche's theorem.	
<b>UNIT 05</b>	<b>Open mapping theorem and conformal mappings</b>	Hurwitz theorem; The open mapping theorem; Non zero derivative of Univalent AF; Analyticity of inverse of a Univalent AF; Formula for summation of $f(n)$ over integers of an AF $f$ ; The concept of conformal mapping; sufficient conditions for conformality of an AF; Critical points; magnification of angles at critical points; Bilinear transformation (BT) - existence of a unique BT which maps given three points on to another three points; Riemann mapping theorem (Statement only).	

## COURSE OUTCOMES

On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student is able to

- 1 Explain integral of a complex valued function of a real variable, Contour integral and the most valuable result of the course, namely, Cauchy-Goursat theorem.
- 2 Explain fundamental theorems of integration & Cauchy's integral formula & appreciate the result of infinite differentiability of analytic functions.
- 3 Explain basic and important results like Morera's theorem; Gauss mean value theorem; Maximum modulus principle Liouville's theorem, Gauss theorem, Lucas theorem & Weirstrass theorem for sequences of analytic functions.
- 4 Explain Taylor's theorem, Laurant's theorem and conncted concepts like the concept of singularities - Removable, Poles and Essential - and charecterize of zeros and poles of an AF in terms of an AF with no zeros.
- 5 Explain isolation property of zeros of a non zero AF and some important results like Schwartz Lemma, Reflection Principle, Riemann theorem.
- 6 Explain the concept of residue of an AF at a point and conncted results like Cauchy's residue theorem with applications - - calculation of  $\int F(\cos\theta, \sin\theta)d\theta$  over the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$ .
- 7 Explain the concept of meromorphic function and conncted results like Argument principle, Winding number, Rouche's theorem and Hurwitz theorem.
- 8 Explain the open mapping theorem with its applications - analyticity of inverse of a Univalent AF.
- 9 Explain the concept of conformal mapping and related results and terminology.

### Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 10 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 10 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Mathews, J. H. & Howell, R. W., (2006), Complex Analysis for Mathematics and Engineering, 5th edition, B Jones and Bartlett Publishers .
2. Agarwal, R. P., Perara, K. & Pinelas, S.(2011), An Introduction to Complex Analysis , Springer.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Ahlofrs, L. R., (1996), Complex Analysis, McGraw Hill.
2. Brown, J. W. and Churchill, R. V., (2009), Complex Variables and Applications, 8th Edition, McGraw-Hill International.
3. Conway, J. B., (1973), Functions of one Complex Variable, 2nd edition, Springer International Student edition.
4. Rudin, W., (1987), Real and Complex Analysis, 3rd edition, McGraw Hill International Edition.



## SEMESTER - II

<b>Course Title</b>	Functional Analysis	<b>Maximum Marks</b>	100
<b>Course Code</b>	MM-203	<b>University Examination</b>	60
<b>Credits</b>	4	<b>Sessional Assessment</b>	40
		<b>Duration of Exam.</b>	3 HOURS

<b>Objectives</b> .....	The main objective of this course is to introduce students to the fundamentals of functional analysis and make them aware of its applications.		
<b>UNIT 01</b> Normed & Banach Spaces	The concept of norm on a vector space, standard examples and its basic properties; equivalence of norms on finite dimensional normed spaces (FDNS); completeness of FDNS; Riesz lemma; compactness of the closed unit ball and dimension of a normed space; relation b/w completeness and absolute convergence of a series; Banach spaces with standard examples; completion of a normed space.		
<b>UNIT 02</b> Bounded linear operators on normed & Banach spaces	Definition, standard examples and elementary properties of bounded linear operators(BLO); continuity of linear operators on finite dimensional spaces; norm of a BLO; completeness of normed space of BLOs; dual spaces of $\mathbb{R}^n$ and $l^p$ spaces, Zorn's Lemma (Statement Only) and its application to Hahn - Banach theorem for real & complex vector spaces; Hahn - Banach extension theorem for normed spaces and its various consequences.		
<b>UNIT 03</b> Inner Product spaces, Hilbert spaces & Orthogonal complements	Definition and standard examples of inner product (IP) on a vector space (VS); Schwarz inequality; Hilbert space with standard examples; parallelogram law and polarization identity; orthogonal complement(OC) of a set and its preproperties; existence of minimising vector; projection theorem; OC of a closed subspace; characterization of sets with dense spans in terms of OC.		
<b>UNIT 04</b> Orthonormal sets in a Hilbert space & Dual of a Hilbert space	Definition and standard examples of orthonormal sets; Bessel's inequality; Fourier coefficients; Gram- Schmidt process; total orthonormal set (TONS); existence of a TONS in a Hilbert space; Hilbert dimension; Parseval's relation; relation b / w separable Hilbert spaces & countability of TONS; isomorphic Hilbert spaces; Legendre, Hermite and Laguerre polynomials; Riesz theorem; sesquilinear forms; Riesz representation for sesquilinear forms.		
<b>UNIT 05</b> Reflexive spaces, convergence issues and fundamental theorems	Adjoint of a BLO b/w normed spaces; Reflexive spaces with standard examples - Hilbert spaces and finite dimensional normed spaces; relation b/w separability of a normed space and its dual; Uniform boundedness theorem and its application to space of polynomials and Fourier Series; strong and weak convergence; convergence of sequences of operators and functionals; Open mapping and closed graph theorems.		

## COURSE OUTCOMES

On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student

- 1 should be able to explain the concept norm on a vector space with its basic properties, Banach space with standard examples, convergence of a series in a normed space and compactness of the closed unit ball in a normed space.
- 2 should be able to explain the concept of a bounded linear operator on a normed space with standard examples and its connection with continuity, dual space with standard examples and Hahn - Banach theorem with its consequences.
- 3 should be able to explain the concept of inner product space, Hilbert space, polarization identity, its role in defining inner product, orthogonal complement of a set with its basic properties.
- 4 should be able to explain the existence and uniqueness of element of minimum norm and projection theorem.
- 5 should be able to explain the Bessel's inequality, Parseval's relation, total orthonormal set and its various characterizations.
- 7 should be able to explain the concept of separable and reflexive normed spaces.
- 8 should be able to explain the concept of various types of convergences in normed spaces, space of bounded linear operators and in dual spaces.
- 9 should be able to explain closed graph theorem, open mapping theorem and Principle of uniform boundedness with applications.

### Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 10 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 10 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Kreyszig, E., (2006), Introductory Functional Analysis with Applications, 1<sup>st</sup> edition, **Wiley Student edition**.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Bachman, G. and Narici, L., (1966), Functional Analysis, **Academic Press New York**.
2. Cheney, W., (2000), Analysis for Applied Mathematics, **Springer**.
3. Rynne, B. P. and Youngson, M. A., (2008), Linear Functional Analysis, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, **Springer**.
4. Siddiqi, A. H., (2004), Applied Functional Analysis, **Marcel-Dekker, New York**.

## SEMESTER - II

<b>Course Title</b>	Linear Algebra	<b>Maximum Marks</b>	100
<b>Course Code</b>	MM-204	<b>University Examination</b>	60
<b>Credits</b>	4	<b>Sessional Assessment</b>	40
		<b>Duration of Exam.</b>	3 HOURS

**Objectives** ..... The main objective of this course is to familiarize the students to the fundamentals of linear algebra and their properties.

**UNIT 01**    **Vector Space and Linear Transformation**    Recall of vector space; subspace; linear independence; linear dependence; basis; dimension and related properties; linear mapping; Matrix of a linear transformation; matrix of sum and composition of linear transformations; change of basis and transition matrices; similar matrices; permutation and its signature.

**UNIT 02**    **Spectral Theory**    Eigen values and eigen vectors of a matrix and a linear transformation; algebraic and geometrical multiplicities of an eigen value; diagonalizable linear mapping/matrix; Cayley-Hamilton theorem; minimum polynomial of a matrix and its properties; invariant subspaces of a vector space; primary decomposition theorem (statement only) and its special cases; necessary and sufficient conditions for simultaneous diagonalization of two matrices.

**UNIT 03**    **Direct Sums of Subspaces**    Direct sum; sum of subspaces; projection; idempotent; orthogonal complement; f-invariant; block diagonal form; primary decomposition; diagonalisation.

**UNIT 04**    **Nilpotency and Jordan Forms**    Nilpotent linear transformations; existence of triangular matrix; Jordan decomposition theorem (statement only); index of a nilpotent linear transformation and its elementary properties; Jordan Block matrix; Jordan form; Jordan basis.

**UNIT 05**    **Bilinear and Quadratic Forms**    Bilinear form; symmetric and skew symmetric bilinear forms; quadratic form; associated quadratic form; Sylvester theorem(statement only); positive definite quadratic form.

## COURSE OUCOMES

On successful completion of this course we expect a student will be able to

- 1 explain vector space, linear dependence / independence, basis and dimension, linear transformation, change of basis matrix, permutation and its signature.
- 2 explain the concept of characteristic polynomial to compute the eigen values and eigen vectors of a square matrix and Cayley-Hamilton theorem.
- 3 explain the concept of minimum polynomial of a matrix and its properties, primary decomposition theorem and diagonalization.
- 4 explain the concept of direct sum, orthogonal complement, block diagonal form, primary decomposition.
- 5 explain the concept of Nilpotent linear transformations, Jordan decomposition theorem, Jordan Block Matrix, Jordan form, Jordan basis.
- 6 explain the concept of bilinear forms, symmetric and skew symmetric bilinear forms,
- 7 explain the concept of quadratic form and its properties.

### Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 10 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 10 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks.

## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Blyth, T.S. and Robertson, E. F., (2007), Basic Linear Algebra, 2nd Edition, **Spinger**.
2. Blyth, T.S. and Robertson, E. F., (2008), Further Linear Algebra, 2nd Edition, **Spinger**.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Hoffman , K. and Kunze, R.,(1971), Linear Algebra, 2nd Ed., **Prentice-Hall, Inc., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey**.
2. Alexer , S. , (2014), Linear Algebra Done Right, 3rd Ed., **Springer**.
3. Herstein, I. N., (1975), Topics in Algebra, **John Willy & Sons**.

## SEMESTER - II

<b>Course Title</b>	Techniques in Differential Equations	<b>Maximum Marks</b>	50
<b>Course Code</b>	MM - 205	<b>University Examination</b>	30
<b>Credits</b>	2	<b>Sessional Assessment</b>	20
		<b>Duration of Exam.</b>	2 HOURS

**Objectives** ..... The main objective of this course is to introduce students to the theory & techniques of solving various Ordinary Differential Equations.

**UNIT 01** Higher order linear differential equations I  
Basic existence theorem (Proof not included); basic theorems on linear homogenous equations; concept of Wronskian; -reduction of order method; general solution of a homogeneous linear differential equation with constant coefficients.

**UNIT 02** Higher order linear differential equations II  
Method of undetermined coefficients; method of variation of parameters; Cauchy-Euler equation; power series about an ordinary point; singular point; method of Frobenius; Bessel's equation and Bessel's functions.

**UNIT 03** Sturm-Liouville boundary value problems  
Sturm-Liouville problems; characteristic values; characteristic functions; orthogonality of characteristic functions; expansion of a function in a series of orthogonal functions; expansion problem; trigonometric Fourier series and its convergence.

## COURSE OUTCOMES

On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student have understood

- 1 Basic existence theorem and other fundamental theorems on linear homogenous equations.
- 2 the concept of Wronskia and is able to solve homogeneous linear differential equation with constant coefficients.
- 3 various methods such as method of undetermined coefficients and method of variation of parameters.
- 4 the method of solving Cauchy-Euler equation.
- 5 the method of Frobenius, methid of solving Bessel's equation and the concept of Bessel's functions.
- 6 in depth the Sturm-Liouville problems and trigonometric Fourier series with its convergence issues.

### Note for Paper Setting

The question paper will be divided into two sections. Section A will be compulsory and will contain 06 very short answer type questions eliciting answers not exceeding 20 words/ multiple choice questions/ fill in the blanks, each carrying one mark equally distributed from all units. Section B will contain 06 long answer type questions, two from each unit and the candidate will be required to answer one from each unit. Each question carries 08 marks.



## BOOKS RECOMMENDED

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Ross, S., (1984), Differential Equations, 3 rd Edition, Wiley India (P) Ltd, New Delhi.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Boyce, W. E., DiPrima, R.C., (2007), Elementary Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems, 8 th edition, John wiley and sons.
2. Edward, P., (2005), Differential Equation and Boundary Value Problems; Computing and Modeling, 3 rd edition, Pearson Education.
3. Simmons, G. F., (2003), Differential Equation with Applications and Historical Notes, 2 nd edition, Tata McGraw Hill edition.

## SEMESTER - II

<b>Course Title</b>	Introduction to MATLAB (Lab. Course)	<b>Maximum Marks</b>	50
<b>Course Code</b>	MM - 206	<b>University Examination</b>	25
<b>Credits</b>	2	<b>Sessional Assessment</b>	25
		<b>Duration of Exam.</b>	2 HOURS

**Objectives** ..... The aim of this Laboratory course is to introduce the students fundamental skills necessary to use MATLAB in academic research and engineering applications.

- \* Each student is required to maintain a practical record book.
- \* Two practical tests, one Internal and one External, are to be conducted.
- \* Each practical test will be of 25 marks.
- \* The student has to pass both internal and external practical tests separately scoring a minimum of 10 marks in each test

MATLAB Environment - Overview of MATLAB interface and workspace, Basic commands and syntax, Variables, data types, and workspace management; Matrix and Array Operations - Introduction to matrices and arrays; Basic matrix operations: addition, subtraction, multiplication; Element-wise operations and indexing; Basic Programming Constructs -writing MATLAB scripts, Control structures, defining and calling functions; Plotting and Data Visualization - Creating 2D plots, Customizing plots; Data Analysis and File I/O - Importing and exporting data, Working with built-in functions for statistical analysis, Data cleaning and manipulation.

## COURSE OUCOMES

On successful completion of this course, we expect that a student

- 1 Understands the MATLAB environment and its features.
- 2 Write simple MATLAB scripts and functions.
- 3 Perform basic operations with matrices and arrays.
- 4 is able to Work with scripts and functions.
- 5 Generate 2D plots and visualizations.
- 6 Apply MATLAB for basic data analysis tasks.
- 7 is able to explain Input/output commands.
- 8 is able to explain Relational and logical operators.